

# Implementation and reception of a shelf exam review session for medical students Alexander Booth, MD, Mathew Wooster, MD, Cynthia Talley, MD

### BACKGROUND

To prepare third-year medical students for National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) Subject (shelf) examinations, review sessions are offered by many other clerkship programs.

**Test Performance** 

(p=0.193).

group.

There were 154 students in the pre-

100

90

80

70

60

50

Pre

Figure 2.

Survey Responses

implementation group and 139 in the post-

(SD 7.5) to 76.6 (SD 8.3), although the

Figure 1. Distribution of NBME test scores

Mean exam performance increased from 75.3

difference was not statistically significant

before and after review session implementation

Post

72 of 160 (45%) of students completed the

post-session survey with results shown in

- There is a lack of evidence supporting interventions to improve performance on NBME exams.<sup>1</sup>
- Some studies have shown resident-led didactic review sessions improve medical student NBME test scores, although results are not consistent.1-3

### **OBJECTIVE**

To develop and implement a sustainable review session that would enhance the medical student experience with teaching on the surgery clerkship, and secondarily, to examine the session's effect on test performance.

### **METHODS**

- Intervention: A two-hour case-based question-and-answer session was implemented in Block 2 of the '20-'21 academic year and offered for each subsequent 6-week block.
- Evaluation for Improvement: Anonymous survey responses with 1-5 Likert scale and free response prompts were used to track satisfaction with the session and to refine the delivery, timing, and content of the session.
  - Surveys were distributed via email immediately following the session with one reminder during the exam window.
- Performance Effect: Deidentified shelf exam equated percent correct scores were compared in a pre- and post-implementation fashion with a two-sample independent t-test. [Block 2 '19-'20 - Block 1 '20-'21 vs. Block 2 '20-21 - Block 1 '21-'221

## RESULTS

#### Figure 2. Likert scale survey responses

#### ion was a good use of time The session format was appropriate





performance remains uncertain, high satisfaction among participants merits further efforts to sustain this offering and recommend implementation of similar resident-led review sessions within other clerkship programs.

### REFERENCES

CONCLUSIONS

A resident-led shelf exam review session was well-

received by medical students according to post-

Mean exam scores increased after implementation,

although the difference was not statistically

Other factors such as the addition of protected

schedule, and pandemic-related disruptions limit the ability to attribute differences in exam

While the direct effect of review sessions on exam

study time, changes in the clerkship rotation

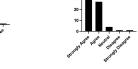
performance specifically to this intervention.

session survey data.

significant.

- Kareff et al. Effects of a Resident-Led Subject Exam Review on Mean Scores of Internal Medicine Subject Exam: a Case-control Study. Med Sci Educ. 2021.
- 2. McKean et al. Psychiatry resident-led tutorials increase medical student knowledge and improve national board of medical examiners shelf exam scores. Acad Psychiatry. 2015.
- 3. Mclean et al. Case based review questions, review sessions, and call schedule type enhance knowledge gains in a surgical clerkship. J Surg Edu. 2012.

I felt more prepared for the



Compared with other clerkship activities.

