

# Landscape of Current and Emerging Biomarkers for Head and Neck Cancer

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# Disclosure

Ranee Mehra, MD

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Has a financial disclosures: Advisory Board with
Janssen\*/Merck\*/Merus\*/Summit Therapeutics\*/Coherus\* and
Travel Investigator Meeting with Bicara Therapeutics\*

Does not have any relevant non-financial disclosures.

\*Indicates the relationship has ended

# Outline

• p16

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- PDL1 CPS
- · Potentially actionable somatic alterations
- Future biomarkers

# Challenge

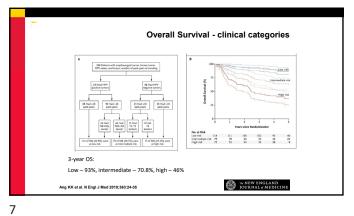
- The clinical care of SCCHN has largely not been influenced by clinical biomarkers until recently
- p16 prognostic with some efforts related to de-intensification (E3311)
- · Paucity of driver oncogenic mutations
- PDL1 CPS is an imperfect biomarker but has proven to help guide treatment selection
- Locally advanced disease still need more robust biomarker to drive treatment discussions.
- GOAL to better identify treatment paradigms based on biomarker selection to improve the outcome for our patients.

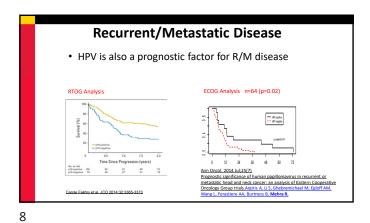
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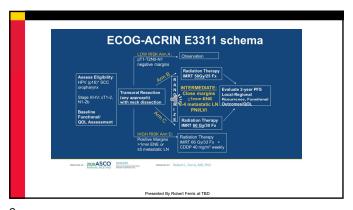
# \*Viral genes are encoded on one strand of the double-stranded circular DNA genome and enclosed in capsid (L1, L2) \*Infection – Stable episome \*E6/E7 – stimulate cell cycle progression for viral replication Doorbar. Clinical Science (2006) 110, 525–541

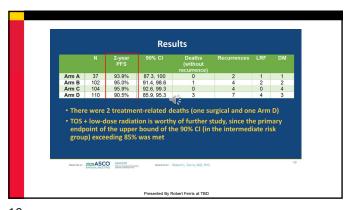
Model of HPV+ HNSCC Development

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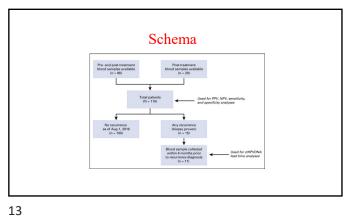


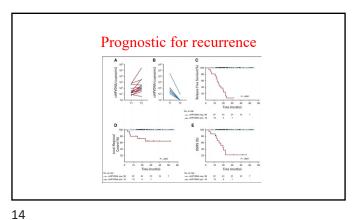


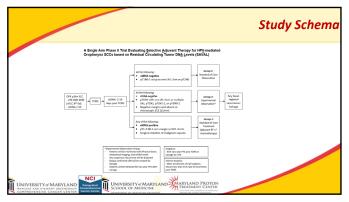


Progression-Free Survival	O - Arm I	N=37 3, N=102 5, N=104 10, N=110 112 Months	80 - 12	18	24	
PRESENTED AT: 2020 ASI	TING MASCOZO PA	soms en Robert L. Ferris, 8	MD, PhD			

TABLE 1. Patient Characterist Characteristic	No Detectable Surveillance comPVDNA (n = 87)	At Least 1 Detectable Surveillance cHPYDNA (n = 28)	All Patients (N = 115)
Mean age, years (range)	59 (33-84)	60 (39-84)	59 (33-84)
Sex			
Female	12 (14)	2 (7)	14 (12)
Male	75 (86)	26 (93)	101 (88)
Tobacco use			
Never smoker	57 (66)	18 (64)	75 (65)
≤ 10 pack-years	20 (23)	5 (18)	25 (22)
> 10 pack-years		5 (18)	
Stage (AJCC 8th edition)			
1	65 (75)	21 (75)	86 (75)
2	16 (18)	2 (7)	18 (16)
3	6 (7)	5 (18)	11 (9)
Radiation dose, Gy			
60	75 (86)	22 (79)	97 (84)
70	12 (12)	6 (21)	18 (16)
Chemotherapy			
Yes	72 (83)	21 (75)	93 (81)
No	15 (17)	7 (25)	22 (19)







**Main Inclusion Criteria** ✓ Pathologically (histologically or cytologically) proven diagnosis of p16+ SCC of the oropharynx or p16+ SCC of unknown primary ✓ Clinical stage T0-3, N0-N1, and M0 disease (AJCC 8th edition) with appropriate imaging within 60 days prior to enrollment (PET/CT preferred, CT neck w/contrast with CT chest w/o contrast as recommended alternative) ✓ TORS candidate based on evaluation by ENT and review at multidisciplinary tumor board ✓ Positive (>50) ctDNA levels prior to surgery UNIVERSITY & MARYLAND MARYLAND PROTON
SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

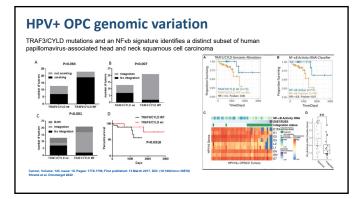
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# Case

- 68 yo M: squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary metastatic to R sided cervical lymph node(s).
- NavDx pre op 13428
- · underwent TORS hemi-glossectomy of R BOT, R selective neck dissection levels II-Ivm. Final surgical pathology confirms T1N1 HPV+ SCC of the R tongue.
- Post op Nav Dx negative 5 months



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TPS vs. CPS
 TPS – the percentage of tumour cells with membranous PD-L1 expression.
 CPS - the number of PD-L1-positive cells [tumor cells, lymphocytes, and macrophages] divided by the 1 number of tumor cells times 100.
 scores ranged from 0 to 100
 a cut-off of ≥1 is used to define the PD-L1 expres

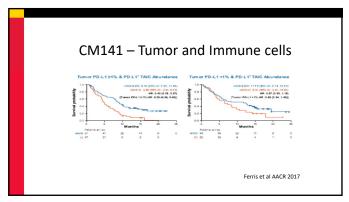
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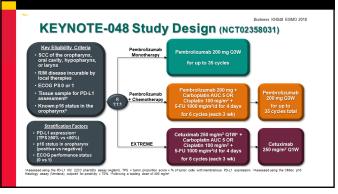
PDL1 and ORR in KN012						
Scoring Method	Expression Status	Number (%) positive	Responders/tot	ORR (%)	P value	
TPS	PDL1 +	123 (65%)	22/123	18	0.461	
TPS	PDL1-	65 (35%)	12/65	19		
CPS	PDL1 +	152 (81%)	32/152	21	0.023	
CPS	PDL1 -	36 (19%)	2/36	6		
Crs		30 (13/6)	2/30	Ü		
			Mehra et al. Br	J Cancer. 2018 Jul	17; 119(2): 153–15	

OS Benefit Across PD-L1 Expressors and Non-Expressors

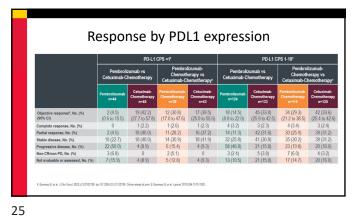
- OS rates at 18, 24, and 30 months were similar in both groups
- PD-L1 expressors: nivolumab continued to provide OS benefit, with 45% reduction in risk of death vs IC
- PD-L1 non-expressors: nivolumab continued to provide OS benefit, with 45% reduction in risk of death vs IC
- PD-L1 Expressors (21%)
- PD-L1 Expre

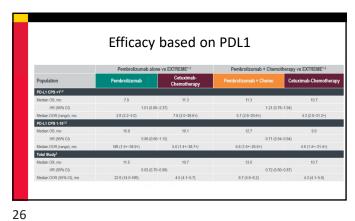
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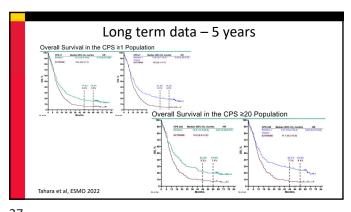


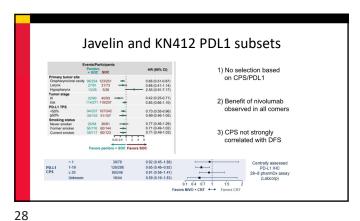


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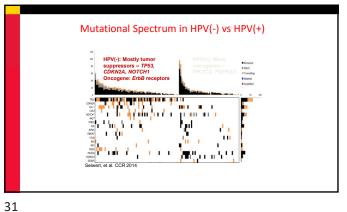
### Case

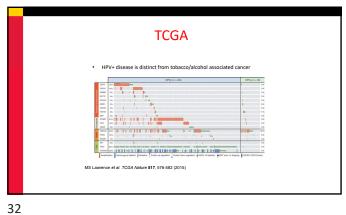
- T4N2M0 p16+ SCC left tonsil, L>R BOT treated with chemoRT with 35 fractions protons and concurrent weekly cisplatin - C5 dose reduced die to neutropenia. C7 held - completed 8/20/24
- 9/2/25 had CT imaging which is concerning for metastatic pulmonary disease and multiple liver mets
- PDL1 CPS 5

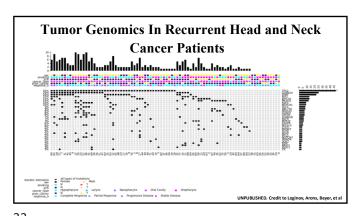
Outline

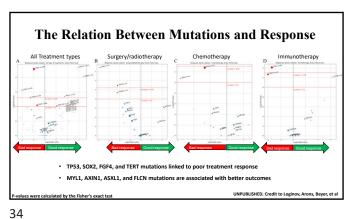
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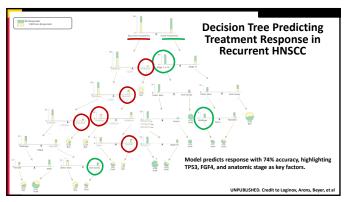
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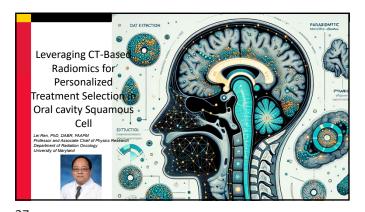


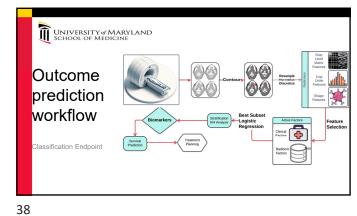


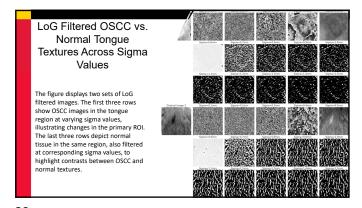


Outline • P16 • PDL1 CPS • Potentially actionable somatic alterations Future biomarkers

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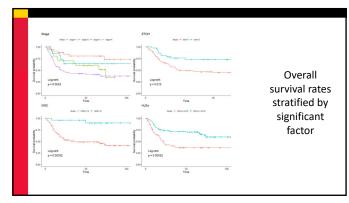




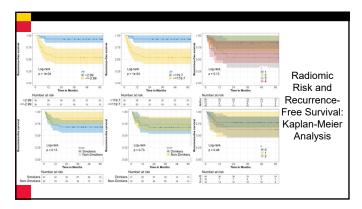
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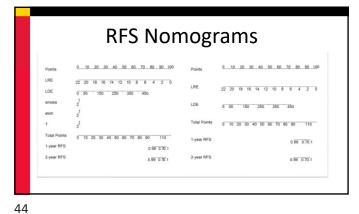
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Final Cox n	nodel fittina	on the sa	ample dat	a.		
	Coef.	coef.	H.ratio	se	95% CI	p-value
Radiomics Clinical	HLEs	0.259	1.29	0.103	[1.05, 1.58]	0.014
	GNS	-0.062	0.94	0.024	[0.90, 0.98]	0.009
	Stage	0.313	1.37	0.121	[1.08, 1.73]	0.009
	ETOH:2	-0.611	0.54	0.319	[0.29, 1.01]	0.05
	ETOH:3	-0.280	0.76	0.443	[0.32, 1.80]	0.527



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# Conclusions

- p16 and PDL1 CPS are currently clinically validated biomarkers
- Future trials with immunotherapy, especially in the locally advanced setting should incorporate PDL1 CPS
- Future directions include incorporating genomic and radionomic biomarkers in patient treatment selection especially in the locally advanced curative setting.
- ctDNA will be a useful biomarker to utilize in future studies



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