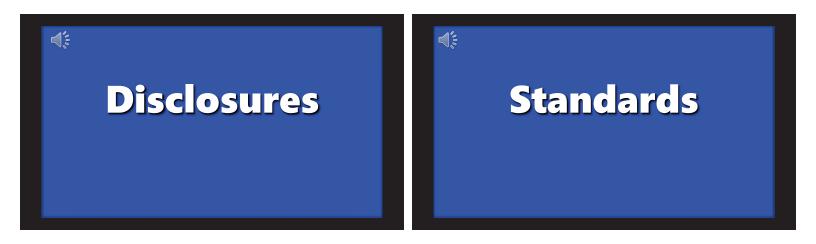
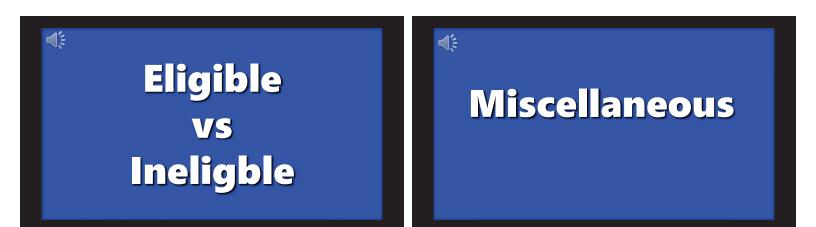


# **General CME**



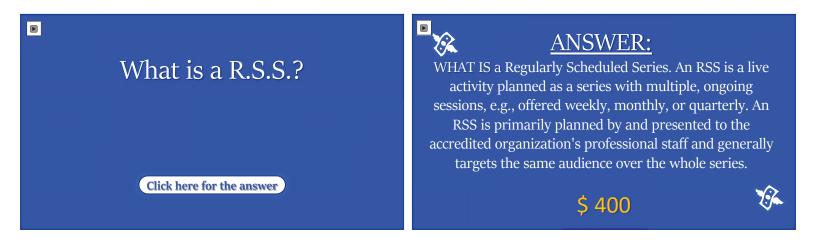
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General CME	Disclosures	Standards	Eligible vs Ineligible	Miscellaneous	Compliant Vs Non-compliant
<mark>\$ 200</mark>	<mark>\$ 200</mark>	\$ 200	\$ 200	<mark>\$ 200</mark>	\$ 200
<mark>\$ 400</mark>	<mark>\$ 400</mark>	\$ 400	<mark>\$ 400</mark>	\$ 400	\$ 400
<b>\$ 600</b>	\$ 600	\$ 600	\$ 600	<mark>\$ 600</mark>	\$ 600
<b>\$ 800</b>	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 800
\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 1000	\$ 10 <b>0</b> 0	\$ 1000







ANSWER: WHAT IS NO!

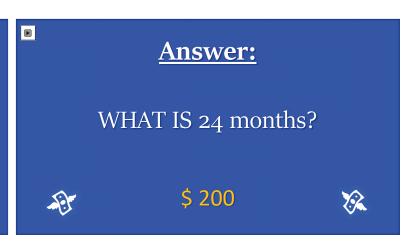
The **owners** and **employees** of ineligible companies are considered to have unresolvable financial relationships and must be excluded from participating as planners or faculty, and must not be allowed to influence or control any aspect of the planning, delivery, or evaluation of accredited continuing education, except in the limited circumstances outlined in Standard 3.2.

\$800

Can an owner or employee of an ineligible company present at a CME activity?

	B	
After the activity, when do	ANSWER:	
you send the CME Office		
the roster cover sheet and	WHAT is 3 Business Days	
the checklist?		
Click here for the answer	\$ 1000	

Anyone completing a disclosure form has to disclose relationships that they have had for how many months?





4.

Verbal

Click here for the answer

\$400

How often does a CME disclosure need to be completed ?

Click here for the answer

<u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS every year (unless something changes with an individuals disclosure during the year)



B	
When is the speaker's disclosure	Answer:
information required to be disclosed to the participants?	WHAT IS Prior to the start of the activity
Click here for the answer	\$ 800

## True or False

Disclosure can <u>only</u> be given out the day of the activity, prior to the start of the activity. Click here for the answer



Disclosure can be sent out via an email blast to the potential attendees a day or two prior to the activity. Please make sure you include the CME Office in this email blast.

Why are the Standards for Integrity and Independence in Accredited Continuing Education Important?

#### Click here for the answer

#### 

A.

#### ANSWER: WHAT IS...

- Ensure that accredited continuing education serves the needs of patients and the public.
- Present learners with only accurate, balanced, scientifically justified recommendations.
- Assure healthcare professionals and teams that they can trust accredited continuing education to help them deliver safe, effective, cost-effective, compassionate care that is based on best practice and evidence.
- Create a clear, unbridgeable separation between accredited continuing education and marketing and sales.

\$ 200



What other accrediting bodies use the Standards for Integrity and Independence in Accredited Continuing Education?



#### True or False

Accredited providers are responsible for ensuring that their education is fair and balanced and that any clinical content presented supports safe, effective patient care.

Click here for the answer

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## <u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS True

#### Standard 1: Ensure Content is Valid

\$ 600



Accredited continuing education must provide healthcare professionals, as individuals and teams, with a protected space to learn, teach, and engage in scientific discourse free from influence from organizations that may have an incentive to insert commercial bias into education.

Click here for the answer

<u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS True

Independence is the cornerstone of accredited continuing education

\$800

\$

## True or False

Individuals only have to disclose relationships that exceed a preset financial threshold.

Click here for the answer



## <u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS False.

We must collect information from all planners, faculty, and others in control of educational content to include **all** their financial relationships with ineligible companies within the prior **24** months. **There is no minimum financial threshold**; **individuals must disclose all financial relationships, regardless of the amount, with ineligible companies.** Individuals must disclose regardless of their view of the relevance of the relationship to the education.



What is an ineligible company?

Click here for the answer

ANSWER:

WHAT IS a company whose primary business is marketing, selling, reselling or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients.

\$ 200

67

What are some examples of ineligible companies?

#### Click here for the answer

#### 

#### ANSWER: WHAT are:

- Pharmaceutical companies or distributors; Advertising, marketing, or communication firms whose clients are ineligible companies
- Device manufacturers or distributors
- Bio-medical startups that have begun governmental regulatory approval process

\$400

- Compounding pharmacies that manufacture proprietary compounds
- Diagnostic labs that sell proprietary products
- Growers, distributors, manufacturers, sellers of medical foods & dietary supplements
- Manufacturers of health-related wearable products
- Pharmacy benefit managers
- Reagent manufacturers or sellers

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#### Eligible or Ineligible?

- Pharmaceutical Company & Distributors?
- Growers, distributors, manufacturers or sellers of medical food and dietary supplements?
- Device manufacturers or distributors

Click here for the answer

#### 

# ANSWER:

### WHAT IS Ineligible

*ineligible companies* are those whose primary business is producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients.



## Eligible or Ineligible?

- Hospitals or healthcare delivery systems?
- Publishing or education companies?
- Electronic health record companies
- Health professional membership organizations?

Click here for the answer

## <u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS Eligible

*Eligible organizations* are those whose mission and function are: (1) providing clinical services directly to patients; or (2) the education of healthcare professionals; or (3) serving as fiduciary to patients, the public, or population health; and other organizations that are not otherwise ineligible.



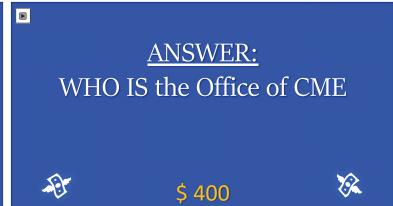
What are some examples of an eligible company?

Click here for the answer



Who is responsible for making sure the speaker has completed the disclosure form?	ANSWER: \$ WHO IS the activity coordinator		
Click here for the answer	\$	\$ 200	\$

Who is responsible for determining if the relationship(s) the speaker has disclosed are relevant and who is responsible for mitigating these relationships?



■ True or False	
For a tumor board, M&M, or case conference, the only people required to complete a disclosure are the Activity Director, Activity Coordinator, and Planning Committee Members.	<u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS True
Click here for the answer	\$ 600

#### True or False

It's ok for my department to record our grand round and let faculty, residents and staff watch the recorded session at a later time and still earn CME Credit.

Click here for the answer

# ANSWER:

## WHAT IS FALSE

A recorded presentation is an enduring material. All enduring materials require an assessment following the activity. Unless you are sending the recorded videos to the CME Office to post, you cannot offer this option.





A representative for an ineligible company asks for contact information for everyone that attends your activity. You feel this is a reasonable request and you comply. Is this compliant or non-compliant?

Click here for the answer

## <u>ANSWER:</u> WHAT IS Non-Compliant!

The accredited provider must not share the names or contact information of learners with any ineligible company or its agents without the explicit consent of the individual learner. (Standard 2)



The activity director applies for an educational grant with an ineligible company to help cover the cost of the out of town speakers he is interested in bringing in this year. The grant is approved by the company and a letter of agreement is sent. The activity director signs the letter of agreement and sends it back. Is this compliant or non-compliant? Click here for the answer

## ANSWER: WHAT IS Non-Compliant!

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The terms, conditions, and purposes of the commercial support must be documented in an agreement between the ineligible company and the <u>accredited provider</u>. The agreement must be executed prior to the start of the accredited education. (Standard 4)

\$ 400	\$
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A representative for an ineligible company offers to bring in a speaker, at their expense, to cover an upcoming grand round. Is this compliant or noncompliant?

Click here for the answer

ANSWER:

#### WHAT IS WHAT IS Non-Compliant!

The accredited provider must ensure that all decisions related to the planning, faculty selection, delivery, and evaluation of accredited education are made without any influence or involvement from the owners and employees of an ineligible company. (Standard 2)



For an upcoming grand round, a representative for an ineligible company has inquired about setting up a table with information about their company and products in the back of the meeting room. Is this compliant or non-compliant?

Click here for the answer

X

## ANSWER:

## WHAT IS Non-Compliant!

Accredited providers are responsible for ensuring that education is separate from marketing by ineligible companies—including advertising, sales, exhibits, and promotion—and from nonaccredited education offered in conjunction with accredited continuing education. (Standard 5)

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Your speaker never responds to you and doesn't complete the disclosure. Day of the activity, he has his disclosure listed on his intro slide and discloses several relationships with ineligible companies. Since he disclosed this to the audience prior to the start of the meeting, is the activity compliant or non-compliant?

Click here for the answer

THE REAL

## ANSWER:

### WHAT IS Non-Compliant!

The CME Office was not able to determine if the relationships were relevant and never had the opportunity to mitigate these relationships. (Standard 3)

